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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/672,847	09/25/2003	Frank Dean	LIDO:003DI	1624
759	90 12/23/2005		EXAM	INER
Karen B. Tripp			TRUONG, DUC	
Attorney at Law	•			
P.O. Box 1301			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Houston, TX 77251-1301			1711	
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DATE MAILED: 12/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		*h/					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/672,847	DEAN, FRANK					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Duc Truong	1711					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DY - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron , cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 O	<u>ctober 2005</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 2,3,12-14,16-18,20-22,24-26,28-30,3.	2 and 34 is/are pending in the ap	oplication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
' <u> </u>	∑ Claim(s) <u>2-3,12-14,16-18,20-22,24-26,28-30,32 and 34</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2000	6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

This is a DIV of 09/611,521. Since the claims in the parent case have been amended and are not from the original claims, then an ODP rejection is cited herein:

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 2-3,12-14,16-18,20-22,24-26,28-30,32 and 34 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11 of U.S. Patent No. 6,870,026. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the differences are:

(1) the instant claims are the claimed chelating composition in combination with fertilizer and/or additive, a compound used as a fertilizer additive, or a chelating agent, used for application to soils, seed--, a product by itself or product by process whereas the claims of the reference are the claimed chelating composition produced by process (comprising a modified imino-disuccinic acid and the claimed method of making;

(2) The claims of the reference require the conditions "said composition is synthesized in a single vessel, at ambient temperature, without the addition of heat, whereunder a primary or secondary amide reaction occurs first followed by a radical reaction; whereas the instant claims do not disclose these steps of the process. However, they all require the same or similar reactants under conditions to form the same or similar products. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the reactants and conditions from the claims of the reference within the limitations of the instant claims to get the claimed products in the absnce of a showing of unexpected results derived from said modifications.

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-3, 32 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over JP 08012631 of record on 1449.

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The reference discloses production of iminodisuccinic acid and its alkali metal salt, from maleic acid haft ester, ammonia or maleic acid haft ester, and an aspartic acid; [0001] and a biodegradable chelating agent (see Title).

The disclosure of the reference differs from the instant claims in that it does not disclose the claimed formulas. However, the reference does disclose the claimed requirements. Therefore, the claimed formulas must be considered inherent in the prior art. (see In re Best, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977).

Claims 12-14,16-18,20-22,24-26 and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 08012631 of record on 1449.

The claims are product by process.

The reference discloses a chelating composition, as stated above.

The disclosure of the reference differs from the instant claims in that it does not disclose specific steps of the processes, as in the claims. However, it does disclose similar conditions to form the products (see [0008]-[0047] and in the Examples).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the conditions from the reference within the limitations of the claimed product by process since they have been shown to be effective in a similar system and thus would have been expected to provide adequate results, iminodisuccinic acid or a salt thereof of the claimed formulas, in the absence of a showing of unexpected results derived from said modification.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc Truong whose telephone number is 571-272-1081. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 571-272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DUCTRUONG PRIMARY EXAMINER
